

The Bourbon News

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SWIFT CHAMP, Editor and Owner.

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Display Advertisements, \$1.00 per inch for first time; 50 cents per inch each subsequent insertion.

Reading Notices, 10 cents per line each issue; reading notices in black type, 20 cents per line, each issue.

Cards of thanks, calls on candidates, obituaries and resolutions, and similar matter, 10 cents per line.

Special rates for large advertisements and yearly contracts.

The right of publisher is reserved to decline any advertisement or other matter offered for publication.

Space is a newspaper's stock in trade and source of revenue.

NEWSPAPER PUBLISHERS

May Be Allowed to Exchange Advertising for Transportation.

The time may be near at hand when the country newspaper publisher again will be able to exchange advertising space for railroad transportation. Representative Adair, of Indiana, who has long championed the restoration of this privilege, which was cut off by the railroad rate decision several years ago, and who introduced a bill for the purpose, was informed by Chairman Adamson, of the Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce, that the legislation has been embodied in an omnibus bill and that there is a good prospect of its passing this session.

ORANGES BY THE BOX.

Call early and get the size you want. C. P. COOK & CO.

Keeping Burmese River in Check. One of the world's largest retaining walls has been built to prevent the River Rangoon, Burma, from shifting its channel.



More Economical Both in Use and Cost CALUMET BAKING POWDER

—And it does better work. Simply follow your customary method of preparation—add a little less of Calumet than when using ordinary baking powder. Then watch the result. Light, fluffy, and evenly raised—the baking comes from the oven more tempting, tastier, more wholesome.

Calumet insures the baking of an expert. Ask your grocer today.

Received Highest Awards

World's Pure Food Exposition, Chicago, 1912. Paris Exposition, France, March, 1912.



You don't save money when you buy cheap or big-size baking powder. Don't be misled. Buy Calumet. It's more economical—more wholesome—gives best results. Calumet is far superior to sour milk and soda.

Home Affairs Play Prominent Part In Life of Beckham

Graceful Wife and Two Bright Children Adorn Hearth



SENATOR ELECT J. C. W. BECKHAM of Frankfort, the first senator to be elected by the people for a regular term in Kentucky, needs no introduction to the people of this state. He has been in public life for years, yet is Kentucky's youngest statesman of prominence. Throughout the state he is known as a statesman, but in the capital he is known as a splendid citizen and good neighbor. His modest, but attractive, residence is in South Frankfort. His family consists of his wife, who was Miss Jean Puqua of Owensboro, a daughter, Miss Eleanor, aged thirteen, and a son, Creppa, Jr., aged nine. The entire family are social favorites. The youngsters are popular, and the lawn at the Beckham home is the playground for the children in the neighborhood. They attend the public schools. Mrs. Beckham is a young woman of splendid domestic attainments. She is an ideal wife, whose thoughts and energies are devoted to her home, children, husband, family, neighbors and the needy. She is a hard worker in the King's Daughters' circle, which conducts the hospital in Frankfort, and in other charitable and religious causes.

Those who know Governor Beckham best are well aware that his chief interest and greatest pleasure lie in his home. There he spends practically all his leisure hours. He is not a familiar figure at the local club, in the lobby of the hotels or, indeed, any other place where men are accustomed to congregate in the evenings. He makes it an almost unbroken habit to spend his evenings at home. The well-lighted study of the Beckham residence is on the first floor front. There the passer-by may see Governor Beckham early or late on almost any evening at his desk or in his reading chair. Books and writing enter very largely into the life of the senator elect. But the study scene is not always a solitary one. The children of more than ordinary attractiveness and promise bless this home. They may be seen from time to time in the study, and the attitude of parent and children suggests that lessons are being heard or that the story hour is at hand. Governor Beckham, although a young man, is an old-fashioned father. He counts it his privilege and duty to personally supervise those things that make for the Christian character and physical well-being of his children.

Mrs. Beckham possesses to a high degree all those gifts and graces which are instinctively associated with the successful homemaker. This fact is not to be forgotten when one asks why the senator seldom leaves home after the evening meal.

A normal, wholesome, Christian home, blessed by health, hope and happiness, not untouched by sorrow, unspiced by wealth and dominated by the highest ideals—such is the home of the junior senator.

No new member of the next senate will take his seat better informed or better equipped for the work ahead of the Democratic administration than this Kentuckian, who is first a student, with a wide knowledge of public affairs and closely in sympathy and in touch with the president and his secretary of state. For a man of his years Senator Elect Beckham is a young man and has had a rather remarkable career in the public life of his state. Born Aug. 5, 1893, son of William N. and Julia Wickliffe Beckham, he comes of a family that has been prominent in affairs of the south. His mother was the youngest daughter of Governor Charles A. Wickliffe, who also held the portfolio of postmaster general in the cabinet of President Tyler. Her brother, Robert Wickliffe, was a governor of the state of Louisiana. She was, therefore, the daughter, the sister and the mother of men who held the first office within the gift of the people of their states. His father, a lawyer and farmer, died when the subject of this sketch was but a mere boy. Owing to this he got no further than his sophomore year at old Central university when called home to

manage the farm. He continued his studies, however, with the result that at nineteen he was made principal of the high school of his home town, which place he occupied for the succeeding three years. During this time he studied law, political economy and political history. He was admitted to the bar of Kentucky in 1899, and on his birthday that year, his twenty-fourth, being just eligible, he was nominated by the Democrats of his county for a seat in the lower house of the general assembly. He was the youngest member of that body. During this service his health became impaired, and it looked as if his political career would be cut short. He went to New Mexico for the climate, and within a year was so nearly restored to health that he returned to Kentucky. On the advice of his physician he declined re-election to the legislature, but was destined to continue as a member of that body. Isaac Wilson, who had been given the seat he had refused, died shortly after taking the oath of office. His death took one vote from the Democrats of the assembly at a most critical time, when the body was deadlocked in the selection of a senator, the candidates being Joe Blackburn and W. Godfrey Hunter, the Republican candidate. The death of Wilson broke the tie, but one old state senator, who was something of an independent, though elected as a Republican, declared that the Republican nominee should not be sent to Washington across the grave of a Kentucky legislator and announced that he would wait a limited time for the Democrats to fill the vacancy. Without Beckham announcing for the place, his home people quickly reached the conclusion that he was the man to fill Wilson's seat. A special election was hurriedly held, he defeated his Republican opponent by nearly 1,000, and he started out to get to the state capital before the hour fixed by the Republican senators for the Democratic side to have its vacant seat filled.

A railroad wreck occurred, and it looked as if the Democrats would fail. In the most inclement weather of a hard winter Beckham set out in a carriage from Bardonia for Frankfort, a distance of sixty-five miles. Teams were changed three times, and he reached the capital at 3 o'clock in the morning of the day the balloting in the senatorial race was to be resumed. The senatorial deadlock remained unbroken for all of that session, resulting in an extra session in 1907 and the election of Robert W. Taylor, the Republican, to the office of William O. Bradley, then governor of the state, to Hunter, the Republican nominee.

The Nelson county man was returned to the lower house in 1908, and had attained such prominence in the assembly that he was made speaker. At that time he was but twenty-eight years of age, the youngest man ever given this office in Kentucky. As presiding officer he attracted much attention, and in the Democratic state convention of the following year he was chosen for the office of lieutenant governor, as the running mate of the late William Goebel. Then followed the most exciting period in Kentucky since the civil war. The state contest was carried before the general assembly, Goebel was declared to have been elected governor and was shot down by an assassin almost at the entrance of the state capitol. W. L. Taylor, the Republican candidate for the governorship, established himself in the capitol, surrounded by a regiment of the Kentucky state guard, and the Democratic claimants, with Beckham at their head, opened up offices at the Capital hotel for the transaction of the business of the commonwealth, where they were surrounded by a portion of the state guard loyal to their side of the controversy. The Democratic majority of the general assembly was prevented by Taylor from meeting at the capitol, and driven through the streets by his guardsmen to prevent their meeting elsewhere. The reluctant general even threatened to invade the roof of the dying Goebel should a meeting be attempted therein. Enough

of the majority was kept intact by the young governor to keep the record straight and clear. The full record of the settlement of the gubernatorial contest was preserved. Through it all he held his side in perfect obedience to the laws and set an example to his followers that did much to bring order out of chaos. When he could do so he reassembled the legislature at the seat of government and proceeded intelligently with the business of the state. So well did he handle the reins of government during these stormy times that the Democrats of the state made him their nominee to fill out the unexpired term of Goebel in the executive chair. The Republicans put forth a most formidable candidate in the person of John W. Yerkes, a man of national reputation, who had held himself aloof from the recent political trouble. It was a national year, Bryan and McKinley being the candidates, and the race was one of the most hotly contested held in the state in years. Beckham won by 2,300 majority.

Two weeks after the election, at the age of thirty-one years, the young governor was united in marriage to Miss Jean Puqua of Owensboro. They occupied the state executive mansion for the seven years following, he being re-elected in 1906 for a full term of four years. As governor he did much to allay feeling which had been stirred up during the 1900 political troubles, winning the strong friendship of Republicans who had bitterly opposed him. He was governor of the whole people, and no trace of political feeling ever was displayed in the governor's office during his term, which followed the political strife. During his incumbency he cleared the state of debts totaling nearly \$2,000,000 without increasing the tax rate, and passed the office to his successor with a million in the public treasury. He collected for the state from the national government over \$1,500,000 war debt. A new capitol was begun, practically completed under his direction, and a home was established in the state for Confederate soldiers.

One of the most notable features of the Beckham administration of affairs in Kentucky was the enforcement of the Sunday law, and the promotion of temperance and regulation of the liquor traffic. Until he had an opportunity to appoint a mayor of Louisville, in 1907, saloons ran wide open on the Sabbath. With the appointment of Robert Worth Bingham as mayor they closed and have so continued ever since. Through further extensions of the county unit local option laws he incurred the enmity of the liquor people and through taxation laws the ill will of the whisky rectifiers. Before his term as governor had closed he was nominated by the Democrats of the state in a primary election for the office of United States senator, defeating James B. McCreaty for that honor. In those days the state legislature had the final say, and although there was a clear Democratic majority in that body, he was defeated through the machinations of the whisky and brewery interests, who drew away from him four men who had been elected as Democrats and pledged to his support as the party nominee.

Senator Elect Beckham is not unknown in the national councils of the Democratic party. In the national conventions of 1904, 1908 and 1912 he was a delegate at large from the state of Kentucky, and in each convention represented his state on the committee on resolutions of the convention, helping to draft the national platform of the party. He has thus been closely associated with Mr. Bryan, with whom he has stumped Kentucky in all of the campaigns since 1898. He was a Wilson adherent when it was unpopular to be on that side in Kentucky, owing to the candidacy of a former Kentuckian, Champ Clark, and rendered valuable service to the New Jersey man at the Baltimore convention. At Washington he will not be found in the scramble for political pie, but in the committee rooms and conferences where affairs of big importance are being discussed.

KENTUCKY WOMAN, SUFFERER FROM STOMACH ILLS, QUICKLY RESTORED

Mrs. Belle Hawkins Uses Mayr Remedy—“Never Felt Better in My Life.”

Mrs. Belle Hawkins, Eminence, Ky., was a victim of stomach disorders. She took a great deal of treatment and medical attention. At last she tried Mayr's Wonderful Stomach Remedy and got real results. In a letter telling of her experience she said:

“I have taken all of the medicine I ordered of you and will say it has done more good than all the doctors and medicine I ever tried. I don't really think I need any medicine now, as I think I am well. I never felt better in my life. If I ever should need any medicine I know where to get it.”

That is a typical letter, taken as one among the thousands from the users of Mayr's Wonderful Stomach

Remedy. The first dose proves—no long treatment.

Mayr's Wonderful Stomach Remedy clears the digestive tract of mucus accretions and removes poisonous matter. It brings swift relief to sufferers from ailments of the stomach, liver and bowels. Many declare it has saved them from dangerous operations and many are sure that it has saved their lives.

We want all people who have chronic stomach trouble or constipation, no matter of how long standing, to try one dose of Mayr's Wonderful Stomach Remedy—one dose will convince you. This is the medicine so many of our people have been taking with surprising results. The most thorough system cleanser ever sold. Mayr's Wonderful Stomach Remedy is now sold here by G. S. Varden & Son and druggists everywhere.

Bourbon Laundry

DAVIS & FUNK, Props.

Telephone No. 4.

West 5 Street



We Take Pleasure.

In going up the finest shirt-waists or anything in the laundry line. That is why made the Bourbon Laundry famous for fine work and it never goes back on its reputation. If you are particular about how your linen is laundered, your custom is the kind we want as we like to appreciate.

Bourbon Laundry,

Paris Kentucky.

L. & N. TIME TABLE

EFFECTIVE OCTOBER, 18, 1914.

TRAINS ARRIVE FROM

NO.		
134	Lexington, Ky., Daily Ex. Sunday	5:23 a. m.
34	Atlanta, Ga., Daily	5:30 a. m.
29	Cynthiana, Ky., Daily Ex. Sunday	7:35 a. m.
7	Maysville, Ky., Daily Ex. Sunday	7:38 a. m.
10	Rowland, Ky., Daily Ex. Sunday	7:38 a. m.
40	Lexington, Ky., Daily Ex. Sunday	7:36 a. m.
37	Cincinnati, Ohio, Daily Ex. Sunday	7:40 a. m.
12	Lexington, Ky., Daily	9:40 a. m.
33	Cincinnati, Ohio, Daily	10:10 a. m.
6	Lexington, Ky., Daily Ex. Sunday	10:15 a. m.
9	Maysville, Ky., Daily Ex. Sunday	12:00 m.
138	Lexington, Ky., Daily	3:15 p. m.
38	Knoxville, Tenn., Daily	3:26 p. m.
5	Maysville, Ky., Daily Ex. Sunday	3:28 p. m.
39	Cincinnati, Ohio, Daily Ex. Sunday	5:45 p. m.
8	Lexington, Ky., Daily Ex. Sunday	5:55 p. m.
22	Jacksonville, Fla., Daily	6:18 p. m.
14	Lexington, Ky., Daily	6:30 p. m.
31	Cincinnati, Ohio, Daily	10:35 p. m.

TRAINS DEPART FOR

NO.		
34	Cincinnati, Ohio, Daily	5:35 a. m.
30	Cynthiana, Ky., Daily Ex. Sunday	6:20 a. m.
10	Maysville, Ky., Daily Ex. Sunday	7:45 a. m.
40	Cincinnati, Ohio, Daily Ex. Sunday	7:45 a. m.
7	Lexington, Ky., Daily Ex. Sunday	7:47 a. m.
137	Lexington, Ky., Daily Ex. Sunday	9:43 a. m.
37	Knoxville, Tenn., Daily	9:46 a. m.
133	Lexington, Ky., Daily	10:18 a. m.
33	Jacksonville, Fla., Daily	10:20 a. m.
6	Maysville, Ky., Daily Ex. Sunday	12:05 p. m.
13	Lexington, Ky., Daily Ex. Sunday	3:30 p. m.
38	Cincinnati, Ohio, Daily	3:35 p. m.
39	Lexington, Ky., Daily Ex. Sunday	6:00 p. m.
9	Rowland, Ky., Daily Ex. Sunday	6:02 p. m.
32	Cincinnati, Ohio, Daily	6:25 p. m.
5	Lexington, Ky., Daily	6:35 p. m.
8	Maysville, Ky., Daily Ex. Sunday	6:30 p. m.
131	Lexington, Ky., Daily	10:30 p. m.
31	Atlanta, Ga., Daily	10:35 p. m.

F & C. TIME-TABLE

TRAINS ARRIVE FROM

NO.		
2	Frankfort, Ky., Daily Ex. Sunday	7:38 a. m.
4	Frankfort, Ky., Daily Ex. Sunday	5:50 p. m.

TRAINS DEPART FOR

NO.		
1	Frankfort, Ky., Daily Ex. Sunday	8:25 a. m.
3	Frankfort, Ky., Daily Ex. Sunday	6:25 p. m.



SHIPP'S
Quickly relieves Rheumatism, Sore Muscles, Neuralgia, Backache, Headache and all pains. Your money back if it fails to relieve any ache in any part of the body fifteen minutes time.
Price 50c. At All Druggists.
Free sample and circular sent on request.
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342 East Main St., Lexington, Ky.

LINIMENT



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For Sale.

One gentle, bay, combined mare, 15 hands high, 6 years old, 1 buggy and set of buggy harness, nearly new. Will sell cheap.
(11-3t) J. M. RUSSELL.